

# Unit 8 Activity

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## Cyberterrorism

### The InfoSEC institute:

“...premeditated, politically motivated violence perpetrated against non-combatant targets by sub-national groups or clandestine agents.”

### Eastern Kentucky University:

“the attacking of our cyber infrastructure, virtual information including hardware, software, data and information.”

### United States Military Academy:

“the use of cyber to commit terrorism.”

### University of Illinois at Chicago:

“Hacking with a body count.”

## Cyberwarfare

### Encyclopedia Britannica:

“war conducted in and from computers and the networks connecting them, waged by states or their proxies against other states.”

### Techopedia:

“any virtual conflict initiated as a politically motivated attack on an enemy's computer and information systems. Waged via the Internet, these attacks disable financial and organizational systems by stealing or altering classified data to undermine networks, websites and services.”

These two terms are similar because they both are connected to each other. Cyberterrorism can be committed while in Cyberwarfare. They both involve attack another entity using computers. However, they are different because Cyberwarfare represents an entire war while Cyberterrorism represents a single event.

To me, Cyberterrorism means making an attack against another's cyber infrastructure using computers. I chose this definition because it represents what it is, a terrorism attack but using computers. It is different than Cyberwarfare because that is an entire war while this is just a single event.